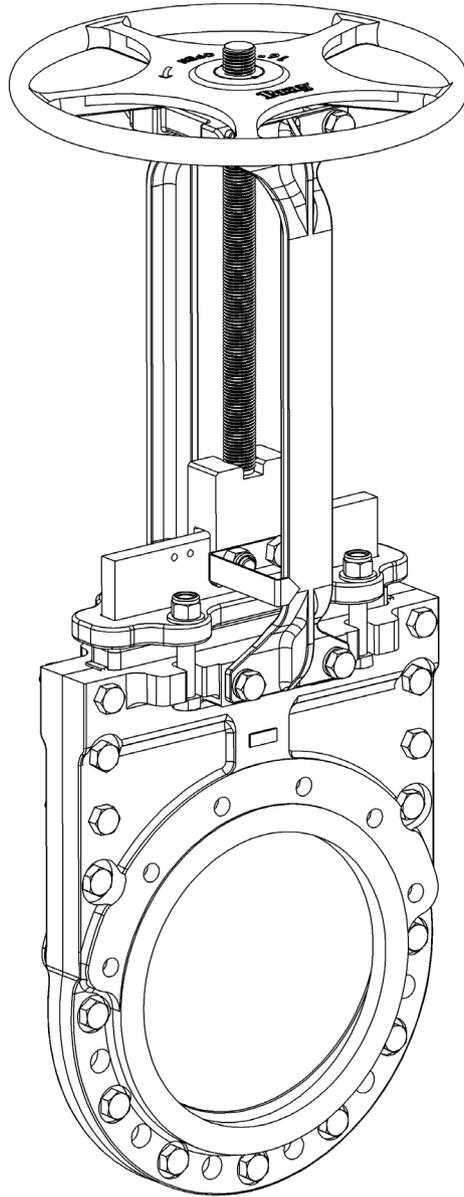

SERIES 752

BIDIRECTIONAL PERIMETER SEAT KNIFE GATE VALVE

Installation, Operation, and Maintenance Manual



 **Bray**[®]

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**READ AND FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.
SAVE THIS MANUAL FOR FUTURE USE.**

0.0 DEFINITION OF TERMS

All information within this manual is relevant to the safe operation and proper care of your Bray valve. Please understand the following examples of information used throughout this manual.

0.0 IDENTIFIES CHAPTER HEADING

0.00 Identifies and explains sequential procedure to be performed.

NOTE: Provides important information related to a procedure.

SAFETY STATEMENTS: To prevent unwanted consequences.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Used without the safety alert symbol, indicates a potential situation which, if not avoided, may result in an undesirable result or state, including property damage.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1** The Bray Series 752 features a robust steel reinforced perimeter seat which provides bidirectional zero leakage shutoff.

The replaceable steel reinforced perimeter seat is mechanically retained between both halves of the two-piece bolted body providing unsurpassed performance in the most demanding applications.

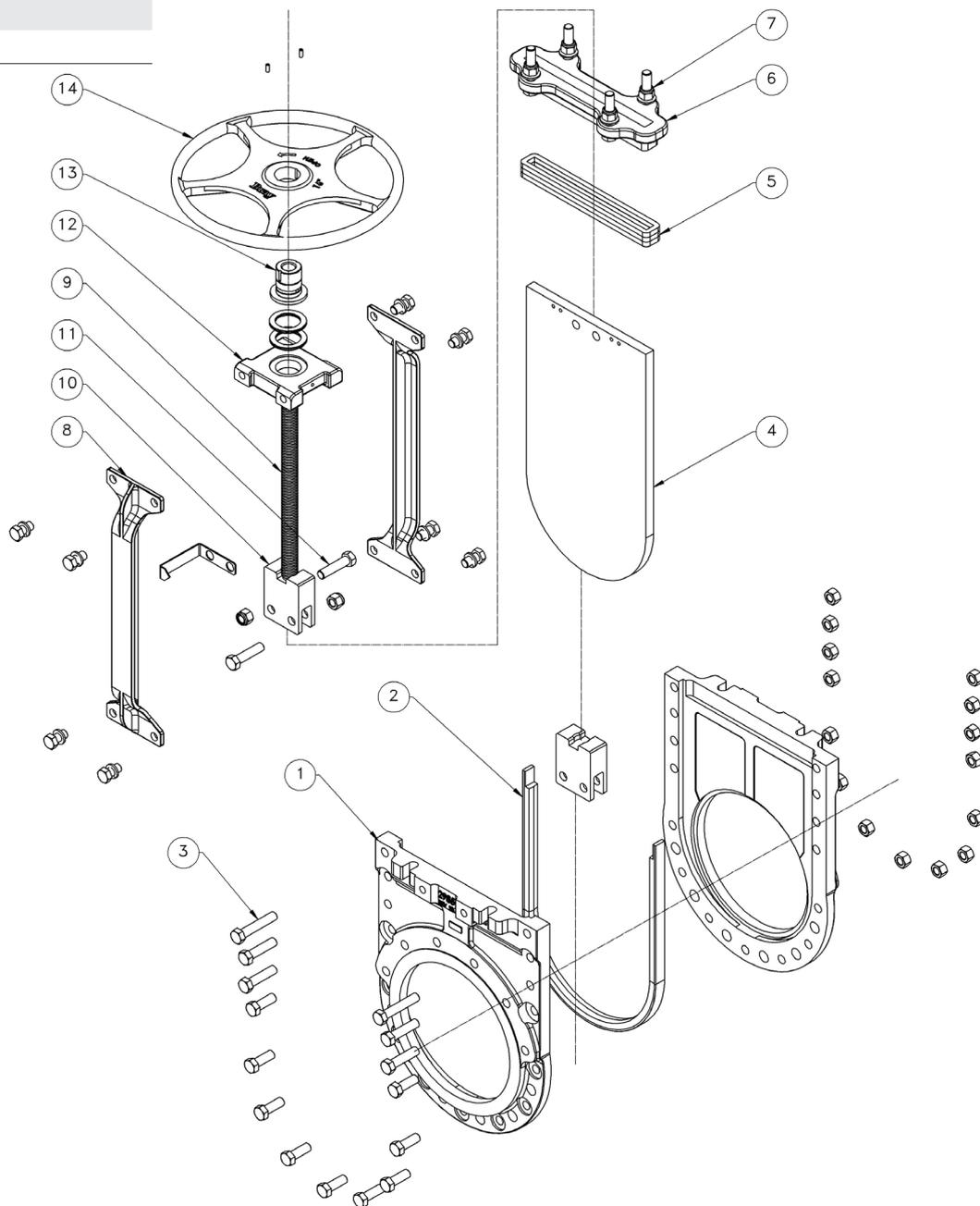
- 1.2** Additional **product information** (such as application data, engineering specifications, actuator selection, etc.) is available from your local Bray distributor or sales representative, or online at **BRAY.COM**

- 1.3** For complete details on the latest product **certifications**, visit **BRAY.COM/Certifications**.

2.0 PARTS IDENTIFICATION

Figure 1: Series 752 Parts

| Item | Description |
|------|--------------------|
| 1 | Body |
| 2 | Seal |
| 3 | Fasteners (Body) |
| 4 | Gate |
| 5 | Packing |
| 6 | Gland |
| 7 | Fasteners (Gland) |
| 8 | Yoke |
| 9 | Stem |
| 10 | Clevis |
| 11 | Fasteners (Clevis) |
| 12 | Collar |
| 13 | Yoke Sleeve |
| 14 | Hand Wheel |



3.0 VALVE IDENTIFICATION

3.1 All valves, actuators, or control products are provided with an identification tag that is unique to each device. The following table is a representation of information that may be included.

| Data | Label | Description |
|------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Serial Number | SERIAL NUMBER | Unique serial number of valve. |
| Valve Size | SIZE | Valve size e.g. 6 in/150 mm. |
| Model | MODEL | Series number of the Valve |
| Flange Drill | FLG. DRILL | Flange Drill e.g. ASME B16.5 CL150. |
| Temperature Limits | MAX TEMP | Maximum temperature in °F/°C |
| Maximum Permissible Pressure | CWP | Maximum permissible pressure in psi/bar(g) |
| Body Material | BODY | Material grade of body e.g. CF8 (304) etc. |
| Gate Material | GATE | Material grade of gate e.g. 304 Stainless Steel. |
| Packing Material | PACKING | Material of packing e.g. PTFE w/EPDM Quad Seal. |
| Seat Material | SEAT | Material of seat e.g. Buna-N. |

4.0 HAZARD-FREE USE

NOTICE

Failure to follow these procedures could affect product warranty.

- 4.1** This device left the factory in proper condition to be safely installed and operated in a hazard-free manner. The notes and warnings in this document must be observed by the user if this safe condition is to be maintained and hazard-free operation of the device assured.
- 4.2** Take all necessary precautions to prevent damage to the valve due to rough handling, impact, or improper storage. Do not use abrasive compounds to clean the valve, or scrape metal surfaces with any objects.
- 4.3** The control systems in which the valve is installed must have proper safeguards — to prevent injury to personnel, or damage to equipment — should failure of system components occur.
- 4.4** The upper limits of permitted pressure and temperature (depending on the housing and liner materials) must be observed. These limits are shown on the valve identification tag.
- 4.5** The valve must not be operated until the following documents have been observed:
 - > Declaration on EU Directives
 - > IOM Manual (supplied with the product).

5.0 QUALIFIED PERSONNEL

NOTICE

Failure to follow these procedures could affect product warranty.

5.1 A **qualified person** (in terms of this document) is one who is familiar with the installation, commissioning, and operation of the device, and who has appropriate qualifications, such as:

- > Is trained in the operation and maintenance of electrical equipment and systems in accordance with established safety practices.
- > Is trained or authorized to energize, de-energize, ground, tag, and lock electrical circuits and equipment in accordance with established safety practices.
- > Is trained in the proper use and care of personal protective equipment (PPE) in accordance with established safety practices.
- > Is trained in the commissioning, operation, and maintenance of equipment in hazardous locations — in cases where the device is installed in a potentially explosive (hazardous) location.

6.0 HANDLING REQUIREMENTS

6.1 Packed Valves

Crates: Lifting and handling of the packed valves in crates will be carried out by a fork lift truck, by means of the appropriate fork hitches.

Cases: The lifting of packed valves in cases will be carried out in the lifting points and in the center of gravity position which has been marked. The transportation of all packed material must be carried out safely and following the local safety regulations.

6.2 Unpacked Valves

Lifting and handling of valves should be carried out by using appropriate means and observing the carrying limits. Handling must be carried out on pallets, protecting all machined surfaces to avoid any damage.

With large bore valves, rigging the load must be carried out by using the appropriate tools to prevent the valve from falling or moving during the lifting and handling.

A yellow rectangular box containing a black triangle with an exclamation mark inside, followed by the word 'CAUTION' in bold black capital letters.

For handling and/or lifting, the lifting equipment (fasteners, hooks, etc.) must be sized and selected while taking into account the product weight indicated in our packing list and/or delivery note. Lifting and handling must be performed only by qualified personnel.

Fasteners must be protected by plastic covers in sharp corner areas.

Caution must be taken during handling to avoid this equipment passing over workers, or over any other place where a possible fall could cause injury or damage. In all cases, local safety regulations must be respected.

7.0 LIFTING THE VALVE

WARNING

A potential hazard exists with handling valves. Failure to handle valves properly may cause a valve to shift, slip or fall causing serious injury or death and/or equipment damage.

- 7.1 The points below are for reference purposes only, use safe and proper lifting and support techniques. **DO NOT** lift valves with any adjoining pipe or other equipment attached. Lift with properly rated lifting equipment. Follow jurisdictional safety requirements.
- 7.2 Suggested lifting points are as shown below to lift valve assemblies that are in a horizontal orientation. Eye bolts in flange through holes can be used to lift the valve body or, for 2” through 12” valves, a sling can be strapped around the top of the valve body.
- 7.3 **KNIFE GATE VALVE WITH BEVEL GEAR ACTUATOR:**
For valves with bevel gear actuators, a sling or chain can be wrapped around the bevel gear actuator body, between the mounting plate and the input shaft housing. This would be in conjunction with lifting from the valve body as well. See **Figure 2**.

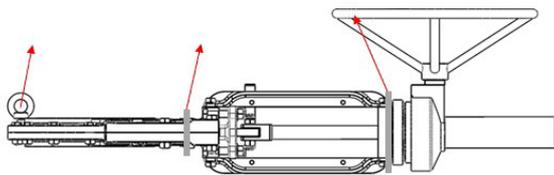


Figure 2: Knife Gate Valve with Bevel Gear Actuator, Horizontal Lifting

- 7.4 **KNIFE GATE VALVE WITH PNEUMATIC CYLINDER ACTUATOR:**
For valves with pneumatic cylinder actuators, a sling can be wrapped around the cylinder, near the cylinder head (piston rod end). This would be in conjunction with lifting from the valve body. See **Figure 3**.
- 7.5 Utilize caution to not bump, dent or damage the cylinder tube.
- 7.6 **DO NOT** utilize the cylinder tie-rod ends to lift.

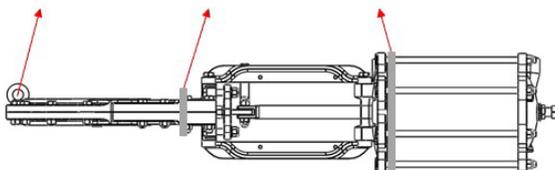


Figure 3: Knife Gate Valve with Pneumatic Cylinder Actuator, Horizontal Lifting

(continued)

7.7 KNIFE GATE VALVE WITH HANDWHEEL ACTUATOR:

For valves with handwheel actuators, a sling or chain can be wrapped through the rim of the handwheel. For chainwheel actuators, a sling can be wrapped in the area between the yoke/legs and the chainwheel/guide assembly. This would be in conjunction with lifting from the valve body as well. See **Figure 4**.

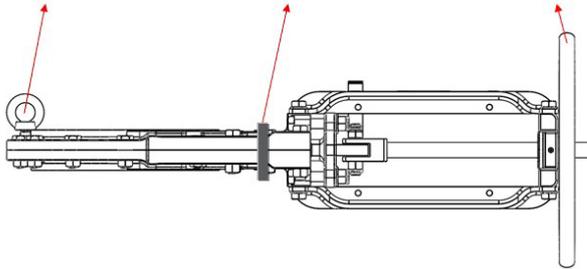


Figure 4: Knife Gate Valve with Handwheel, Horizontal Lifting

7.8 Suggested lifting options are as shown below to lift valve assemblies that are in a vertical orientation. For valves with bevel gear actuators, wrap slings or chains around the top of each leg.

NOTE: Use caution not to put any side load on the bevel gear input shaft or on the valves threaded stem. See **Figure 5**.

7.9 For valves with pneumatic cylinder actuators, wrap slings around the top of each leg. Use caution to not bump, dent or damage the cylinder tube and avoid any side load on the cylinder piston rod.

NOTE: DO NOT utilize the cylinder tie-rod ends to lift. See **Figure 6**.

7.10 For valves with handwheel or chainwheel actuators, wrap slings or chains around the top of the each leg or yoke side.

NOTE: Use caution to not put any side load on the valves threaded stem. See **Figure 7**.

Figure 5: Knife Gate Valve w/Bevel Gear Actuator, Vertical Lifting

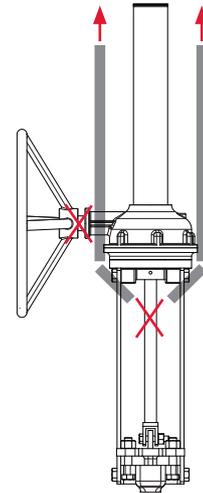


Figure 6: Knife Gate Valve with Pneumatic Cylinder Actuator, Vertical Lifting

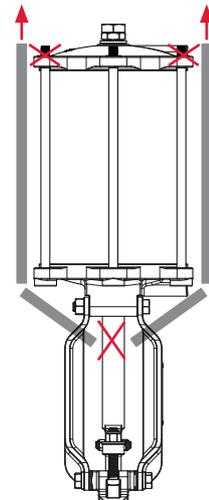
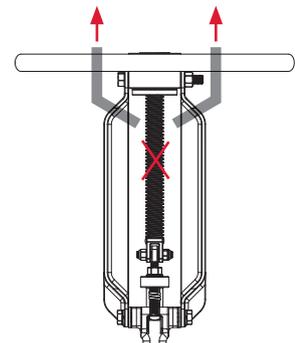


Figure 7: Knife Gate Valve with Handwheel, Vertical Lifting



8.0 STORAGE

NOTICE

The packaging is designed to protect the valve only during shipping. If you are not installing the valve immediately after delivery, then you must store it according to these requirements.

Failure to follow these procedures could affect product warranty.

- 8.1** **Short-term storage** is defined as storage of valves to allow for project construction and will be installed within a relatively short amount of time (typically one to three months). During short-term storage, the following is required:
- 8.2** The preferred storage location is a clean, dry, protected warehouse. Do not expose the valve to temperature extremes.
- 8.3** End protectors shall remain on the valve ends to prevent the entrance of dirt, debris, or insects/wildlife.
- 8.4** Remain in the original shipping container with the original packaging materials. This packaging method will not protect valves that will be stored outside, uncovered, and unprotected.
- 8.5** Storage of valves in an open, uncovered area is permissible, but requires provisions for inclement weather. The product must be elevated from the ground on a pallet, a shelf, or other suitable surface, and must be covered with a secure, waterproof tarp.
- 8.6** **Do not** stack the valves on top of each other.
- 8.7** Manually actuated valves may be stored in the vertical or horizontal position. For air or hydraulic actuated valves, the preferred orientation is with the valve and cylinder in the vertical position. Access ports should be secured to prevent unauthorized entry and prevent contamination.

(continued)

- 8.8** **Long-term storage** is defined as storage of valves longer than three months. During long-term storage, the following is required:
- 8.9** The storage location shall be a clean, dry, protected warehouse. Do not expose the valve to temperature extremes.
- 8.10** End protectors shall remain on the valve ends to prevent the entrance of dirt, debris, or insects/wildlife.
- 8.11** Product shall remain in the original shipping container with the original packaging materials.
- 8.12** **Do not** stack the valves on top of each other.
- 8.13** Manually actuated valves may be stored in the vertical or horizontal position. For air or hydraulic actuated valves, the preferred orientation is with the valve and cylinder in the vertical position. Access ports should be secured to prevent unauthorized entry and prevent contamination.

Valves and equipment containing elastomers, including O-rings, must be stored in a climate-controlled warehouse according to SAE-ARP5316D requiring:

- > The ambient relative humidity to be less than 75%.
- > No exposure from direct ultraviolet or sunlight.
- > Protection from ozone generating equipment or combustible gases and vapors.
- > Storage at temperatures below 100°F (38°C), away from direct sources of heat.
- > No exposure to ionizing radiation.

Storage inspection — visual inspection shall be performed on a semi-annual basis and results recorded. Inspection, as a minimum, shall include reviewing the following:

- > Packaging.
- > Flange covers.
- > Dryness.
- > Cleanliness.

- 8.14** Actuators to be stored with all cable/pneumatic entries plugged to prevent entry of foreign material.
- 8.15** Leave protective caps and covers on the product.

9.0 INSTALLATION AND COMMISSIONING

WARNING

Verify line is depressurized before installing, removing, or repairing a valve or operator.

Do not pressurize the line without an operator on the valve.

The device generates a large mechanical force during normal operation.

Observe all applicable safety regulations for valves installed in potentially explosive (hazardous) locations.

- 9.1** The valve is bidirectional, it can be installed in either direction.
- 9.2** It is good practice to provide additional support for all pneumatically, hydraulic and electric actuated valves installed in the horizontal stem position. This includes ALL valve sizes due to the fact that many of these installations are located in high vibration areas. Failure to provide additional support will result in premature valve failure.
- 9.3** It is recommended to provide support around areas indicated in **Figures 8** and **9** with an adjustable sling.
- 9.4** Support from the top as shown or with suitable arrangement from bottom (such as from an access platform) depending on location constraints.
- 9.5** After the support is given, please operate the valve a few times to check free movement and adjust the level (using the sling adjuster or similar device) if required.
- 9.6** Ensure jerk free movement with the supports in place.
- 9.7** Align the mating pipeline flanges. Select the length of the flange bolts as seen in **Table 1** and **Table 2** below. Install the valve between flanges using fasteners & gaskets.

CAUTION

Care must be taken when installing the studs or bolts in the tapped holes of the flange in the chest area to prevent damage, see **Figure 15**.

Figure 8: Installation support for a Valve installed in Horizontal orientation (Stem horizontal and Bore horizontal)

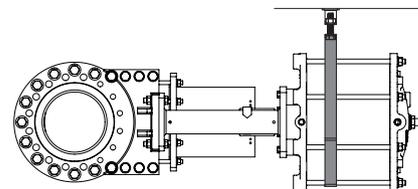
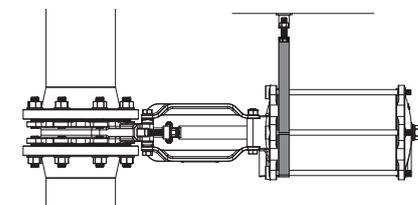


Figure 9: Installation support for a Valve installed in Horizontal orientation (Stem horizontal and Bore vertical)



(continued)

- 9.8** Tighten flange bolts in a star pattern. See **Figure 14**.
- 9.9** Refer to GA Drawing/ Technical Bulletin for quantity and size of blind tapped holes on valve chest area.
- 9.10** Gland packing is tightened to hold the specified pressure and tested for no leakage before dispatch. However, this may require some adjustment at site due to loosening in transit etc.

Figure 10: L1 Thru Bolt

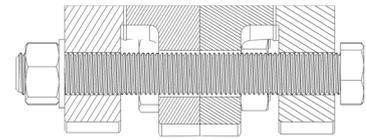


Table 1: RECOMMENDED FASTENERS - ASME B16.5 Class 150 Flanges

| Valve Size | | L1 (Figure 10) | | L2 (Figure 11) | | | Washer* Quantity |
|------------|-----|-----------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|------------------|
| NPS | DN | Bolt & Nut Size | Thru Bolt Length | Thru Bolt Qty | Chest Bolt Length | Chest Bolt Qty | |
| 2 | 50 | 5/8-11 | 4.5 | 2 | 1.25 | 4 | 8 |
| 3 | 80 | 5/8-11 | 5.0 | 2 | 1.5 | 4 | 8 |
| 4 | 100 | 5/8-11 | 5.0 | 4 | 1.5 | 8 | 16 |
| 5 | 125 | 3/4-10 | 5.5 | 4 | 1.5 | 8 | 16 |
| 6 | 150 | 3/4-10 | 5.5 | 4 | 1.5 | 8 | 16 |
| 8 | 200 | 3/4-10 | 6.5 | 4 | 1.75 | 8 | 16 |
| 10 | 250 | 7/8-9 | 6.5 | 6 | 1.75 | 12 | 24 |
| 12 | 300 | 7/8-9 | 7.0 | 6 | 1.75 | 12 | 24 |
| 14 | 350 | 1-8 | 7.5 | 6 | 2.0 | 12 | 24 |
| 16 | 400 | 1-8 | 8.0 | 8 | 2.0 | 16 | 32 |
| 18 | 450 | 1 1/8-7 | 8.5 | 8 | 2.25 | 16 | 32 |
| 20 | 500 | 1 1/8-7 | 9.5 | 10 | 2.5 | 18 | 40 |
| 24 | 600 | 1 1/4-7 | 10.0 | 10 | 3.0 | 18 | 40 |

Figure 11: L2 Chest Bolt

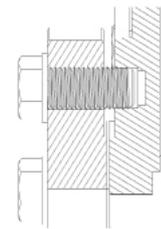
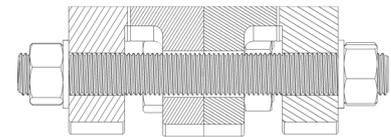


Figure 12: L3 Thru Stud

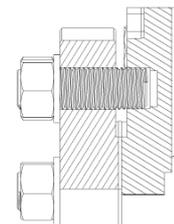


* Washer Type B Wide

Table 2: RECOMMENDED FASTENERS - ASME B16.5 Class 150 Flanges

| Valve Size | | L3 (Figure 12) | | L4 (Figure 13) | | | Nut Qty | Washer* Qty |
|------------|-----|-----------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|---------|-------------|
| NPS | DN | Stud & Nut Size | Thru Stud Length | Thru Stud Qty | Chest Stud Length | Chest Stud Qty | | |
| 2 | 50 | 5/8-11 | 5.5 | 2 | 2.25 | 4 | 8 | 8 |
| 3 | 80 | 5/8-11 | 6.0 | 2 | 2.5 | 4 | 8 | 8 |
| 4 | 100 | 5/8-11 | 6.0 | 4 | 2.5 | 8 | 16 | 16 |
| 5 | 125 | 3/4-10 | 6.5 | 4 | 2.5 | 8 | 16 | 16 |
| 6 | 150 | 3/4-10 | 6.5 | 4 | 2.5 | 8 | 16 | 16 |
| 8 | 200 | 3/4-10 | 7.5 | 4 | 2.75 | 8 | 16 | 16 |
| 10 | 250 | 7/8-9 | 7.5 | 6 | 2.75 | 12 | 24 | 24 |
| 12 | 300 | 7/8-9 | 8.0 | 6 | 3.0 | 12 | 24 | 24 |
| 14 | 350 | 1-8 | 8.5 | 6 | 3.5 | 12 | 24 | 24 |
| 16 | 400 | 1-8 | 9.0 | 8 | 3.5 | 16 | 32 | 32 |
| 18 | 450 | 1 1/8-7 | 9.5 | 8 | 4.0 | 16 | 32 | 32 |
| 20 | 500 | 1 1/8-7 | 11.0 | 10 | 4.5 | 20 | 40 | 40 |
| 24 | 600 | 1 1/4-7 | 11.5 | 10 | 5.0 | 20 | 40 | 40 |

Figure 13: L4 Chest Stud



* Washer Type B Wide

CAUTION

Support should be used for all valve sizes when installed in vertical pipe. Failure to do so can result in improper valve orientation and/or valve failure. Please consult factory for details.

- 9.11** Tighten packing gland in a crisscross pattern until the packing ring at the top is slightly compressed.
- 9.12** Pressurize the valve gradually and stop when packing leak is visible or design pressure is reached.
- 9.13** Re-tighten packing gland bolts just enough to stop the leakage.

If maximum design pressure is not reached, continue to pressurize the valve and repeat steps 9.11 and 9.12.

CAUTION

If the gland nuts are pulled too hard, the force needed to operate the valve will increase, the valve function will be affected and the box packing lifetime will be shortened.

Figure 14: Bolt Tightening Sequence

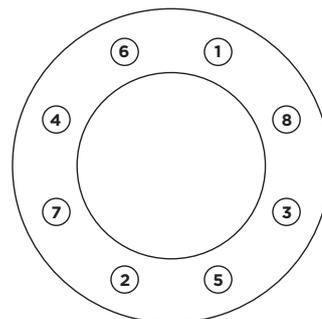
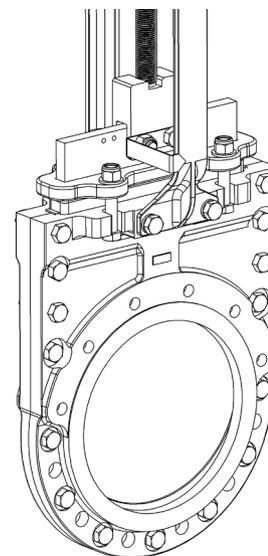


Figure 15: Bolt holes in the chest or upper flange area are blind tapped



10.0 ACTUATION AND TRAVEL STOPS

WARNING

Verify line is depressurized before installing, removing, or repairing a valve or operator.

Do not pressurize the line without an operator on the valve.

10.1 PNEUMATIC CYLINDER OPERATED VALVES

- 10.2** In **Figure 16**, connect instrument quality air, preferably through an air filter/regulator of adequate size.
- 10.3** The recommended air pressure is 80-100 psi (5-7 bar). Refer to the appropriate bulletin/drawing for port and cylinder size details.
- 10.4** Make sure the supply air is free from moisture, dirt, and other foreign particles.
- 10.5** Drain the filter regulator before operating the actuator so that pipe rust and dirt if any in the air line will be removed before actuation.
- 10.6** If valves are supplied with electrical accessories like limit switch and solenoid valve, ensure wiring is done as per local electrical safety codes and regulations.
- 10.7** Ensure correct electrical supply is given to electrical accessories for proper functioning and safety of the equipment.
- 10.8** Open the valve by energizing the solenoid valve/giving air supply to cylinder and operate the valve 2-3 times.

10.9 MANUAL VALVES

- 10.10** For **Figure 17**, Stroke the valve through the full open and closed position to make sure it is functioning properly.

Figure 16: Cylinder Actuator

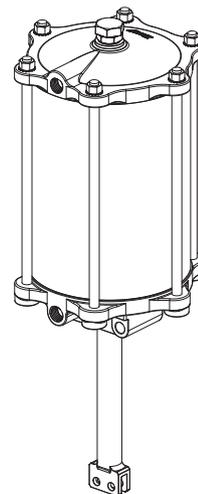
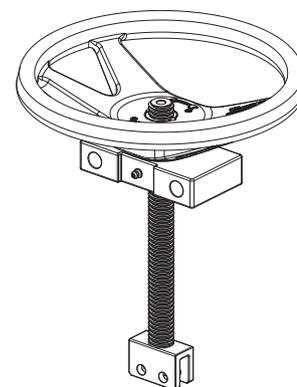


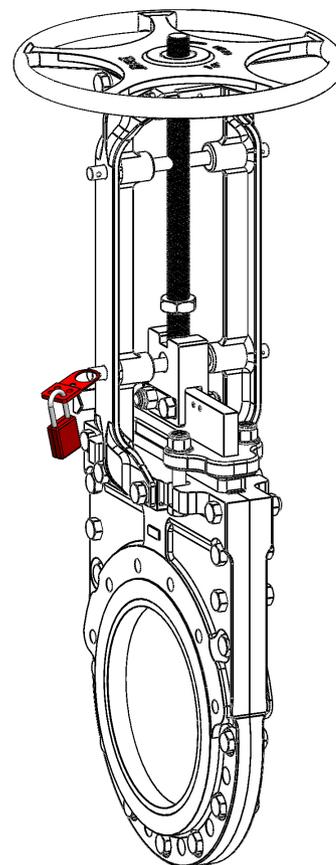
Figure 17: Manual Valve Stem



11.0 LOCKOUT

- 11.1** Lockouts, **Figure 18**, are designed to prevent unauthorized operation of the valve. The instructions below are intended for personnel who are responsible for the installation, operation and maintenance of the lockout device for Bray knife gate valves.
- 11.2** Any actuated valve (Pneumatic or Hydraulic or Electric) must be placed in a “De-energized state” by isolating all potential energy sources including electricity, operator supply air or hydraulic fluids.
- 11.3** Valves supplied with spring to close or open contain mechanical springs in the cylinder and hence cannot be placed in a de-energized state. Take extreme care when inserting and removing the lockout pin to avoid any injury to operating personnel.
- 11.4** For mechanical lockout or full force lockout, where the lockouts are meant to hold the full actuator force, please contact factory for assistance and more information.

Figure 18: Lockout pin through yoke and clevis.



CAUTION

Once the lockout pins are in place in the lockout brackets, any Bray actuated valve **MUST** be placed in a “De-energized state” by isolating the supply air / hydraulic fluid / electricity.

CAUTION

The lockout device could get damaged when actuator thrust is applied with the Lockout pin engaging the Gate.

12.0 STANDARD MAINTENANCE

WARNING

Verify line is depressurized before installing, removing, or repairing a valve or operator.

Do not pressurize the line without an operator on the valve.

WARNING

After completing any alterations or maintenance procedures, the product must be tested to confirm performance requirements.

WARNING

When the process fluid is hazardous, thermal (hot or cold), or corrosive, take extra precautions.

WARNING

Always wear protective clothing and equipment to safeguard the eyes, face, hands, skin, and lungs from the particular fluid in the line.

NOTICE

Any modification or use of unauthorized parts voids any and all warranty considerations.

NOTICE

Note assembly positions before removal.

CAUTION

Disconnect electrical, pneumatic, and hydraulic power before servicing actuator or automation components.

- 13.1** The stem and nut of the knife gate valve are lubricated at the factory before shipment.
- 13.2** The manual valve stem should be lubricated at regular intervals for smooth operation of the valve. A lubrication nipple is provided on the collar. See Lubrication requirements in **Table 3**.
- 13.3** Cylinder operated valves do not require routine lubrication.

(continued)

Table 3: Recommended Lubrication

| Lubricant Type |
|----------------------------|
| Industrial Grease - Medium |
| C5 - A Compound |
| XL 47 - F2 - 75 |
| Molytex Grease #2 |

NOTICE

If the cylinder actuator is disassembled for repair, the cylinder wall and seals need to be lubricated with a lithium-based grease prior to reassembly.

- 13.4** Parts recommended as spares as shown in **Table 4**, may be stocked. Provide the valve serial number and work order number from the nameplate for proper parts.

Table 4: Recommended Spare Parts

| Part | Qty |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Gland Packing | Set of 3 Rows |
| Spare U-Seal | 1 |
| Cylinder Repair Kit | 1 |
| Gate | 1 |

14.0 PACKING REPLACEMENT - Manual Valves

14.1 Ensure the valve is fully closed.

WARNING

Relieve line pressure before loosening gland nuts to avoid injury and/or equipment damage. Fully close the valve. Ensure the line is empty, and flush if necessary. Remove the valve from the pipeline.

14.2 In **Figure 20**, disconnect the stem from the GATE (6) by removing the CLEVIS BOLTS & NUTS (5).

14.3 Rotate the HANDWHEEL (1) counter-clockwise by holding the stem from rotation, so that the stem retracts fully from the gate.

NOTICE

If valves are supplied with bellows, ensure stem is not rotating, as rotation will damage the bellows.

14.4 Remove the GLAND NUTS (2) and the packing GLAND (3.)

14.5 Remove the old PACKING (4) from the packing chamber, one layer at a time, using a long thin tool to pry it out.

14.6 Insert new packing (4) one at a time, stagger the cut end of the packing so that they meet together and do not line up. If a nitrile quad seal is supplied, same will have to be placed as middle layer. Tap each packing ring firmly and evenly into the chamber before installing the next ring; the ends of each ring should meet but not overlap.

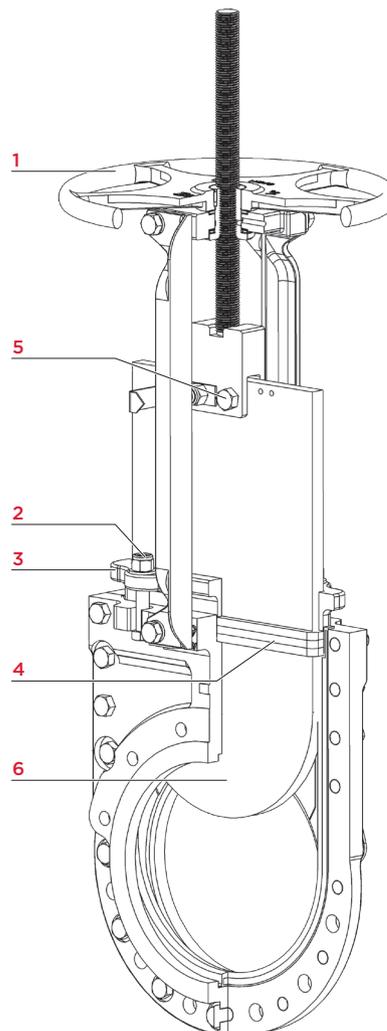
14.7 Install the packing GLAND (5) and GLAND NUTS (2.)

14.8 Ensure the gap between the gland and the gate is uniform all around.

14.9 Tighten the gland nuts finger-tight plus one half turn.

14.10 Lower the stem by rotating the handwheel clockwise while holding the stem and fasten the stem to the gate with BOLTS & NUTS (5.)

Figure 20: Manual Valve Cutaway



15.0 PACKING REPLACEMENT - Cylinder Operated Valves



WARNING

De-energize before loosening gland nuts to avoid injury and/or equipment damage. Fully close the valve. Ensure the line is empty, and flush if necessary. Remove the valve from the pipeline.

- 15.1** Switch off the electrical supply to the solenoid and limit switches.
- 15.2** In **Figure 21**, remove the cylinder tubing and vent the air inside the CYLINDER (1).
- 15.3** Disconnect the piston rod from the gate by removing the CLEVIS BOLTS & NUTS (5).
- 15.4** Apply air slightly to the bottom port of the actuator so that the piston rod is retracted from the gate.
- 15.5** Remove the actuator assembly from the valve by removing the fasteners connecting the yokes to the valve body.
- 15.6** Remove the GLAND NUTS (2) and the GLAND (3).
- 15.7** Remove the old PACKING (4) from the packing chamber, one layer at a time, using a long thin tool to pry it out.
- 15.8** Insert new packing (4) one at a time, stagger the cut end of the packing so that they meet together and do not line up. If a nitrile quad seal is supplied, same will have to be placed as middle layer. Tap each packing ring firmly and evenly into the chamber before installing the next ring; the ends of each ring should meet but not overlap.
- 15.9** Install the packing GLAND (3) and GLAND NUTS (2).
- 15.10** Ensure the gap between the gland and the gate is uniform all around.
- 15.11** Tighten the gland nuts finger tight plus one half turn.
- 15.12** Mount the actuator assembly to the valve by attaching fasteners connecting the yokes to the valve body.

Figure 21: Cylinder Operated Valve Cutaway

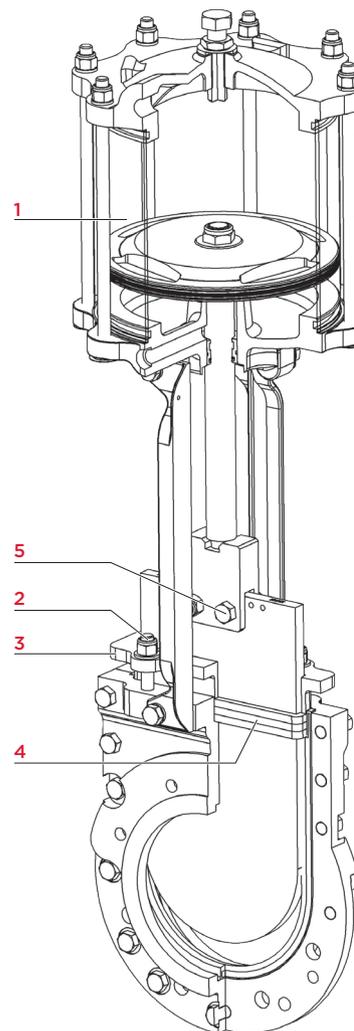


Table 5: PACKING DETAILS

| Valve Size | | Packing Size | Length | Quantity |
|------------|-----|--------------|--------|----------|
| NPS | DN | mm | mm | |
| 2 | 50 | SQ.8 | 180 | 3 |
| 3 | 80 | SQ. 10 | 245 | 3 |
| 4 | 100 | SQ. 10 | 320 | 3 |
| 5 | 125 | SQ. 10 | 395 | 3 |
| 6 | 150 | SQ. 10 | 490 | 3 |
| 8 | 200 | SQ. 10 | 580 | 3 |
| 10 | 250 | SQ. 10 | 675 | 3 |
| 12 | 300 | SQ. 12.7 | 800 | 3 |
| 14 | 350 | SQ. 12.7 | 875 | 3 |
| 16 | 400 | SQ. 16 | 990 | 3 |
| 18 | 450 | SQ. 16 | 1120 | 4 |
| 20 | 500 | SQ. 16 | 1200 | 4 |
| 24 | 600 | SQ. 16 | 1440 | 4 |

NOTICE

If leakage is observed from the packing area after installing the valve in the pipeline and the valve is pressurized or charged with media, tighten the gland nuts evenly side to side just enough to stop leakage. Do not over-tighten the gland nuts.

16.0 SEAL REPLACEMENT

CAUTION

To avoid injury and/or equipment damage, relieve line pressure before attempting to remove valve from line. If valve is fitted with pneumatic actuator, solenoid valve, limit switches or other accessories, disconnect electrical and pneumatic supply first.

1. Relieve line pressure and close the valve. If necessary, flush the line.
2. Remove the valve from line by loosening flange mounting bolts, studs and nuts. It would be best to service the valve in a clean area such as Workshop etc.
3. Dis-assemble the actuator from the valve and gate.
4. Remove Gland and Gland packing from the valve.
5. Loosen the fasteners holding the valve body's two halves and separate.
6. Remove the gate carefully from the valve body.
7. Remove the damaged Seal from the valve body.
8. Clean the body halves and place the new seal on one of the body halves and place the Gate inside the seal.
9. Place the second body half over the first body half with seal and gate and tighten the fasteners. (Only finger tight).
10. Keep the valve body vertically on a table and fix the actuator (manual or pneumatic)
11. Mount cylinder actuator/ hand wheel and close the gate fully (this is to ensure the gate and seal are perfectly aligned.)
12. Tighten the body fasteners in criss-cross manner from bottom (flange side) to top (chest area) and ensure gate is fully in contact with seal.
13. Disconnect the actuator from valve.
14. Install gland packing as described in "Packing replacement" **Section 15.**
15. Mount the actuator onto the valve. Operate the valve for few strokes and test the valve for seat leakage if necessary.

Figure 22: Loosen fasteners and separate valve body halves

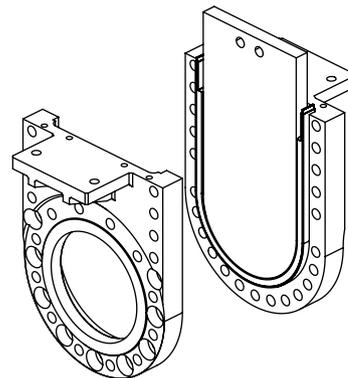


Figure 23: Remove the gate.

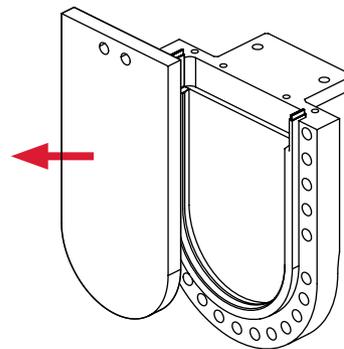
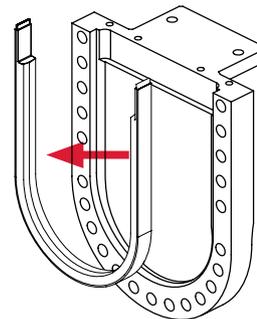


Figure 24: Remove seal



17.0 TROUBLESHOOTING

| TROUBLE | POSSIBLE CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|--|---|---|
| Packing leakage | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Incompatible Media > Packing Deteriorated > Temperature Variations > Normal Packing Wear | Replace packing. |
| Soft Seated Valve: In fully closed position, seat leakage | Seat is worn or damaged. | a) Remove worn or damaged seat. b) Inspect and clean seat chamber, install new seat. |
| | Gate is damaged. | Gate replacement. |
| High torque during valve seating and unseating | Entrapped foreign media in pipeline prohibiting valve from seating | Please consult factory for proper solutions. |
| | Packing not tightened to recommended torque. | a) Remove valve from service. b) Review gate to seat interface. |
| Valve jerks during open and close | Superstructure fasteners loosened. | Tighten the superstructure fasteners. |
| | Insufficient air supply. | Pneumatic operated valves: Increase supply pressure. |
| | Solenoid valve dust accumulation. | Remove and clean solenoid valve. |
| | Piston rod seal damaged. | Replace seal. |
| | Packing is too tight. | Loosen packing. |

NOTES:

- > Bray does not accept any responsibility for the product if wear parts not tested and approved by Bray are used.
- > Bray does not accept any responsibility for the product if maintenance instructions are not followed during maintenance.

18.0 RETURN MERCHANDISE AUTHORIZATION

18.1 All products that are returned require a Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA). Contact a Bray representative to obtain authorization and shipping instructions.

18.2 The following information must be provided when submitting RMA.

- > Serial number
- > Part number
- > Month and year of manufacture
- > Actuator specifics
- > Application
- > Media
- > Operating temperature
- > Operating pressure
- > Total estimated cycles (since last installation or repair)

NOTE: Product information is provided on identification tag attached to device.

NOTICE

Materials must be cleaned and sanitized prior to return. MSDS sheets and Declaration of Decontamination are required.

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